

## Strategy for Operating a Singular Agglomeration Tank Improving Product Size Control and Yield

Abdullah Al Otaibi<sup>1</sup>, Sourav Biswas<sup>2</sup>, Ahmad Hommadi<sup>3</sup>, Koushik Ghatak<sup>4</sup>,  
Kalaf Al Asiri<sup>5</sup> and Rayan Al Ghamdi<sup>6</sup>

1. Director, production engineering & Quality

2. Manager, production engineering & Quality

3, 4. Lead Engineers, Production Engineering

5. Senior Engineer, Production Engineering

6. Engineer, Production Engineering

Maaden Aluminum Company, Ras Al Khair, Saudi Arabia

Corresponding author: hommadiA@maaden.com.sa.com

<https://doi.org/10.71659/icsoba2025-aa029>

### Abstract

DOWNLOAD  
FULL PAPER



This paper presents an operating strategy approach for the precipitation circuit at the Maaden Bauxite and Alumina Refinery. The precipitation circuit is crucial for crystallizing aluminium hydroxide, a fundamental step that significantly impacts the yield and quality of alumina production. The circuit was designed with two parallel and identical trains, each comprising fourteen tanks. The first two in each train function as agglomeration tanks, followed by growth tanks. Alumina size variation and difficulties of controlling fines generation lead to trial to reduce agglomeration capacity. Operating the circuit with a single agglomeration tank allowed a better balance of nucleation and agglomeration, hence addressing variations in the size and strength of the alumina product. To enhance efficiency, this project introduced a substantial operating modification: having only one agglomeration tank and repurposing the second tank as an additional growth tank. This change allows for more effective use of the available tank capacity, thereby improving the overall process in both yield by 0.18 g/L and the quality of the alumina product size by 1 % reduction.

**Keywords:** Alumina quality, Agglomeration tanks, Refinery yield optimization, Precipitation circuit, Alumina size.

### 1. Introduction

Maaden is among the fastest-growing mining companies in the world and the largest multi-commodity mining and metals company in the Middle East. Since 1997, Maaden has grown into the Middle East's largest mining company and operates through five business units including exploration, base metals and new minerals, phosphate, industrial minerals, and aluminium.

From mining bauxite in Al Ba'itha to smelting and rolling aluminium at state-of-the-art facility in Ras Al Khair, Maaden Bauxite and Alumina Company (MBAC) is a key component of Maaden's aluminium operations, MBAC sources bauxite from the Al Ba'itha Mine, the only bauxite mine in the Middle East. The bauxite from Al Ba'itha mine is transported via railway to Ras Al Khair feeds the refinery producing 1.8 million tonnes of alumina annually, 80 % is fed to smelter producing over 1 million tons per annum of premium-grade aluminium with the reminder exported globally.

The refinery is a high temperature plant utilizing Bayer process technology, processing bauxite contain boehmite and gibbsite bauxite. Two identical digestion units fed by Al Ba'itha bauxite to produce metallurgical grade alumina or smelter grade (SGA).



**Figure 1. Maaden refinery - precipitation area night top view.**

This paper presents an operating strategy approach for the precipitation circuit at the Maaden Bauxite and Alumina Refinery. The precipitation circuit is crucial for crystallizing aluminium hydroxide, a fundamental step that significantly impacts the yield and quality of alumina production.

## **2. Overview and Operating Strategy of Precipitation Circuit**

The circuit is designed with two parallel and identical trains, each comprising fourteen tanks arranged in a zigzag pattern. The first two in each train function as agglomeration tanks, followed by growth tanks. Alumina size variation and difficulties of controlling fines generation lead to trial to reduce agglomeration capacity. Operating the circuit with a single agglomeration tank allowed a better balance of nucleation and agglomeration, hence addressing variations in the size and strength of the alumina product.

The precipitation of hydrate is mostly done using a process where the small hydrate crystals (“fine seed”) are absorbed in single larger particle through precipitation of new hydrate. This process is called agglomeration where fine is “destroyed”. The remaining twelve tanks in each train are growth tanks. In these tanks the feed hydrate crystals (“coarse seed” and the agglomerated fine seed from the Agglomerations tank”) increase in size through the growth process.

Criticality of size control and the importance to sustain the product quality drives the improvement and modification to the existing precipitation circuit with consideration of economic and productive feasibility [1].

The refinery precipitation circuit with two agglomeration tanks, had a control strategy of adjusting the fill temperature set point in addition the agglomeration power. The latter was controlled by varying the seed charge and maintaining the liquor to precipitation optimized.

That control strategy resulted in aggressive size waving caused by unbalanced fine generation and destruction. The two Agglomeration set up made the circuit skewed towards more fine’s destruction (high Agglomeration power). The prolonged low fines situation triggered a sudden fines explosion. It made the circuit sizing follow a wave. This is bad for both sizing stability and particle strength.

## 5. References

1. Marian O'Dea, Aileen O'Connell, Control of Product Size and Strength with Challenging Impurity Balance, *Proceedings of the 37th International ICSOBA Conference and XXV Conference «Aluminium of Siberia»*, 16–20 September 2019, Krasnoyarsk, Russia, TRAVAUX 48, 269-284.
2. Rosalin Pradhan and Ritubrata Ray, Improvement in Control Strategy to Maximize Productivity and Enhance Hydrate Particle Strength in Bayer Precipitation Circuit, *Proceedings of the 39th International ICSOBA Conference*, Virtual Conference, 22 - 24 November 2021, TRAVAUX 50, 205-215.
3. Paul Gupta et al., Intelligence-Driven Precipitation Control for Enhanced Alumina Productivity with Consistent Quality - A Machine Learning Approach, *Proceedings of the 42nd International ICSOBA Conference*, Lyon France, 27 - 31 October 2024, TRAVAUX 53, 467-479.